

THE WEATHER -- PARIS: Thursday, Cloudy, rain, Temp. 18-21 (64-66). Friday, Cloudy. LONDON: Thursday, Cloudy, rain, Temp. 15-17 (58-63). Friday, Showers clearing later. CHANNEL: Moderate. THURSDAY: Thursday, Cloudy, Temp. 11-22 (53-72). NEW YORK: Thursday, Fair, Temp. 20-29 (68-85). ADDITIONAL WEATHER -- COMICS PAGE.

No. 29,667

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PARIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1978

Established 1884

Top U.S. Court Says White Was Victim of School Bias

By Robert C. Siner

WASHINGTON, June 28 (IHT) — The U.S. Supreme Court today ruled that the minorities admissions program of California State University constituted illegal racial discrimination, but it declined to prohibit the consideration of race in admitting students to colleges and universities.

In a complicated decision that produced six separate opinions, the high court, voting 5-4, ordered a California state medical school to admit Allan Bakke on grounds that he had suffered illegal discrimination because he was white.

But a different five-justice majority agreed that while race should not be the sole consideration for admission, affirmative action programs designed to benefit minority applicants could still use race as a factor.

The long-awaited "reverse

despite critics' fears



KEEPING DRY — A mother carries her daughter on her back as a group of Niigata City school children wade through flood waters Tuesday in northern Japan. At least 3 persons were missing and 11 injured in the flooding.



Allan Bakke

U.S. Pressing Shift Of Arms to Europe

By George C. Wilson

WASHINGTON, June 28 (WP) — The Army is moving ahead with a controversial plan to store more than half of its total combat equipment in Europe, where it would be in range of Soviet bombers and missiles.

Backers of the plan contend that getting the tanks, guns, missiles and helicopters into Europe before any war starts is the best way to insure that American troops based in the United States could move into battle quickly.

Critics counter that the plan, which would strip U.S.-based divisions of much of their weaponry, amounts to putting too many eggs in one basket at a time when war is most likely to occur outside of Europe.

In addition, Robert Komer, Defense Secretary Harold Brown's NATO adviser and a backer of the plan, told a private meeting of the Atlantic Council last week that the plan to ship enough weapons to Europe to arm three divisions will be so costly that Congress may balk at providing the money, according to sources who heard his speech. The council is a nongovernment citizen group dedicated to strengthening the Western alliance.

\$2 Billion Estimate

Although an Army spokesman said yesterday that he had been unable to get money figures released, a secret Pentagon document estimates that it would cost slightly more than \$2 billion to store the equipment for three divisions in Europe.

Taking these weapons from its 10 U.S.-based divisions, as the Army plans, would leave those divisions with 70 percent of the combat equipment they normally have for training.

"If we're having trouble training our troops when the division has 100 percent of its equipment," said an Army critic of the plan, "how are we going to do the job with only 70 percent of the equipment?"

More worrisome, according to critics of storing so much equipment in one place, is that it would

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Defense Aide's Role Called Crucial

3 Reported Sharing Power in S. Yemen

BEIRUT, June 28 (NYT) — Three Southern Yemeni Marxists were reported yesterday to be sharing power after the ouster and death on Monday of President Saad al-Rabia Ali.

According to Arab diplomatic sources, the three are Premier Ali Nasser Mohammed Hasani, who has also become the new head of state; Abdel Fattah Ismail, the secretary-general of the governing National Liberation Front; and Lt. Col. Ali Antar, the defense minister.

These sources said that it was Col. Antar who tipped the scales in the fighting that accompanied President Ali's attempt to take full power from the front's leadership. The defense minister reportedly ordered his army of 21,000 to crush the insurrection and sent MIG fighter planes of the Southern Yemeni Air Force to attack the presidential palace.

Quoting a "diplomatic report

received from Aden," the newspaper said that active Cuban involvement helped crush the forces loyal to the president, who was executed by firing squad.

"It was not the defense minister who tipped the scales in favor of the National Liberation Front leadership, but the Cuban advisers," the newspaper said.

U.S. A-Power Expert Visiting South Africa

PRETORIA, South Africa, June 28 (AP) — A U.S. diplomat is paying a quiet visit to South Africa for talks on atomic energy, according to U.S. and South African officials.

A source at the U.S. Embassy confirmed that Ambassador Gerard Smith, an expert on international atomic affairs, is on a mission to South Africa. But the source declined to give any details.

Conflicting Report

BEIRUT, June 28 (UPI) — A leftist newspaper said today that it was Cuban advisers and pilots who tipped the balance in favor of Southern Yemen's pro-Moscow forces.

The pro-Iraqi newspaper Al Liwa said 600 Cuban advisers of various military ranks "have been in complete control of military matters in Southern Yemen for the past two months."

Quoting a "diplomatic report

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

"We would like to see the party change . . ."

French Intellectual Pushes Communist Reform From Inside

By Jonathan Kandell

AIX-EN-PROVENCE, France, June 28 (NYT) — When Raymond Jean, a novelist, literature professor and Communist intellectual, talks about possible expulsion from the party, he measures his words carefully.

He harks back to past dissenters who "were morally destroyed by their expulsion from the party." And he muses over an afternoon drink at his home in the hills above this southern city: "It was a very serious thing. Their old friends and comrades would not have anything to do with them. They became pariahs."

Today the French Communist Party is undergoing its most profound crisis in decades. Previous upheavals were linked to external

events, such as the 1939 nonaggression pact between the Soviet Union and Nazi Germany, the 1956 Soviet invasion of Hungary and the repression of Czechoslovakia in 1968. The present turmoil results from developments inside France, specifically the Communist Party's slashing attacks against its former Socialist allies.

Supporters and opponents of the French Communists both blame the party for fumbling the left's opportunity to take control in the national elections in March. The center-right government coalition won instead.

So the party is being urged to abandon its dictatorial structure,

based on the Leninist concept of "democratic centralism," and allow dissent by its members. It is also being pressed to further loosen its ties to Moscow and denounce more firmly the political and economic system.

Leading the attacks on the Communist hierarchy are the intellectual dissidents, who are uncertain how they want to change the party but do not want to destroy it.

"I think that most of us want the party to emerge stronger from the debate," said Mr. Jean, 52, who joined a decade ago. "After all, the crisis in the party is a direct result of the left's failure during the elections. We

would like to see the party change so that it does not happen again."

For members, he said, the party "remains a vehicle for permanent contact with social classes that we would not otherwise meet." It is more than just a political organization. "It creates a whole social environment, with cell meetings, festivals, summer camps, discussion groups. In a small city like Aix-en-Provence, as a Communist I have constant opportunities to meet workers. And since they are often the subject of my writing, I feel I get a better reception in the factories because I am a Communist."

The non-Communist left in

France is unmoved by such arguments. The mystique of Communists as the sole representatives of the working class has lost credibility in recent years. Although the Communists continue to command about 20 percent of the electorate, the Socialists have now surpassed them as the leading leftist party.

Members Lost

Communists control the leading trade union confederation, but working-class Communists do not necessarily display the dogged party loyalty that Mr. Jean and other intellectuals show. The party says that two-thirds of its membership has joined since 1968, yet it has lost adherents at an equally rapid

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Raymond Jean

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As Transatlantic Travel Grows

Laker Airways Has Its Inning

By Winston Williams

NEW YORK, June 28 (NYT) — All long past the season for which Britain's Laker Airways has been waiting for the last seven years is here. Now it is the passengers' turn to wait, in the long lines that have formed at Laker ticket outlets on both sides of the Atlantic.

Transatlantic air traffic, usually heavy in the summer, is pushing toward a record as vacationers rush to take advantage of the cheap fares, which were put into effect after Laker won approval for its non-reservation, no-frills "Skytrain" fare of \$246 round trip between London and New York.

Since then the established sched-

uled carriers are offering round trips at \$299 and \$399, compared to a regular coach fare of \$626. Similar discounts are also available between other U.S. and European cities. As a result, Pan American World Airways, Trans World Airlines and British Airways are flying 20 percent more passengers across the Atlantic than a year ago.

But for Laker, a 13-year-old charter operation that previously had no regularly scheduled flights, the boom represents the fruition of a dream, on which the concern had bet a \$72 million investment in planes before permission to operate the Skytrain was granted.

Laker has lifted its sights now, hoping to cash in on the new class of traveler that the low fares are creating. "Our ultimate goal is a

Skytrain around the world," Fredie Laker, chairman and sole owner of Laker Airways, recently told an audience of New York travel editors. Mr. Laker already has received permission to start another shuttle service to London from Los Angeles next fall.

Mr. Laker says that his service has expanded the New York-to-London market by 40 percent and that his airline is taking 52 percent of the growth. In less than nine months the Skytrain operation has grossed \$17.6 million, with profits of \$2 million.

Laker has earned a reputation for tight-fisted management. Its ticket agents, for example, start at \$46 an hour. Pan Am and TWA pay about \$7 an hour.

Laker's cost-saving, no-reservations system is being copied by Pan Am on its new Boston-to-Amsterdam route. Pan Am will offer a \$279 round-trip fare on that route beginning July 14 after a month-long "sale" at \$149. The regular economy round-trip fare has been \$812.

Five Miles Away

After initial difficulty, Laker located a spot for its sales and check-in operation five miles from Kennedy Airport on Queens Boulevard. From there, Laker's passengers and luggage are taken to the United Airlines terminal at Kennedy for its flights.

Passengers begin lining up shortly after midnight to be near the head of the line when slips are handed out at 4 a.m. for the 530 seats available daily. Flights leave at 8 a.m. and 11 p.m. Since June 15 all seats to London have sold out by 10 a.m.

Since mid-May, 100 of the tickets each day have been sold at two ticket outlets in Manhattan.

Businessmen make up about 14 percent of the passengers on Skytrain. But most of the passengers are unmarried and under 34. Usually they carry their own food rather than pay \$3 for a dinner of cold cuts.

More Sophisticated

"The Skytrain passengers are more sophisticated than the average summer tourist or charter passenger," said Charles Maxwell, manager of Laker operations in the United States. "They understand that the plane may not take off at the moment scheduled and that they may get dysentery in Cairo."

Laker's critics, mostly competitors, say the attention given to Skytrain has hurt Laker's own charter business, which is its bread and butter.

Laker says it has done better than other charter carriers. The company maintains that the Laker image is so strong that passengers flock to tour agencies that advertise that they use Laker flights. The company's revenues from all sources totaled about \$127 million last year.

Higher Revenues

If present traffic patterns hold, Laker estimates that revenues will jump 18 percent to \$150 million this year. Nearly 20 percent of the total will come from Skytrain, compared to less than 10 percent last year, when the shuttle operated only in the fourth quarter.

Laker's growth plan will be affected by the strategies of the international aviation giants, particularly the \$2 billion British Airways.

For the moment, British Airways is keeping its hand close to the vest. "We think Freddie is expanding the market and we can eventually muscle in on it," says a spokesman. "It's cheaper to sit back and watch him than it is to do our own market research."

At Least 20 Die In Mortar Shell Blast in Egypt

CAIRO, June 28 (Reuters) — More than 20 students were killed today and more than 20 injured in an explosion in the Mediterranean city of Damietta, 190 kilometers northeast of Cairo, Interior Ministry sources said.

The Middle East News Agency, which said the explosion was an accident caused by a mortar shell, put the death toll as high as 28.

The sources said that the victims, students at a military school, were on their way from a training course in shooting when one of them found the abandoned shell from the 1973 Arab-Israeli war.

When the student handled the shell it exploded, the sources said. No other details were available.

Philippines Eruption

MANILA, June 28 (UPI) — Cannon volcano spouted steam today on the second day of its eruption and scientists recorded several volcanic quakes on the mountain. The 8,086-foot volcano, located 320 miles south of Manila on the sugar-producing island of Negros, rumbled back to life yesterday after being dormant for nine years.

BEIRUT, June 28 (UPI) — Armed men round up dozens of people in northeast Lebanon yesterday and killed at least 20, a high Lebanese police official said.

The sources said that the victims, students at a military school, were on their way from a training course in shooting when one of them found the abandoned shell from the 1973 Arab-Israeli war.

When the student handled the shell it exploded, the sources said. No other details were available.

Firebombs Damage Ugo La Malfa's Home

ROME, June 28 (UPI) — Firebombs today partially wrecked the holiday home of possible Ugo La Malfa, leader of the Republican Party, one day before legislators meet to appoint the nation's chief executive.

The deserted house south of Rome was hit by firebombs thrown against outer walls and dropped down the chimney, damaging Mr. La Malfa's study, library, reading room and game room.

Reds in San Marino To Try Government

SAN MARINO, June 28 (AP) — The Communist Party was given the task today of forming a new government in this tiny republic after the Christian Democrats failed in their attempt.

The Christian Democrats won a plurality of 26 seats in the 60-member Great and General Councils in elections May 28, but the combined left won a slim majority.

Werner Mollik, 27, and his biologist wife had filed six emigration applications within a year, asking that they and their 2-year-old child be allowed to move to West Germany.

After his last application failed,



DAMAGE FROM AIR RAID — Two Somalis inspect damage caused at Borama, Somalia, by bombing and strafing during an Ethiopian air raid last week. The raid was the first since the end of the war in Ethiopia's Ogaden region. Somali officials reported 10 persons killed.

Expert Says Britons, Americans Will Need Translators by 2178

CHICAGO, June 28 (UPI) — English is changing so much in the United States that in 200 years, Americans and Britons won't be able to understand each other without the help of a translator, a British lexicographer says.

"Since 1776, American English and British English have been on a divergent course," said Robert Burchfield, the chief editor of the Oxford English dictionaries. "They should end up being unintelligible to one another in another 200 years."

There is a popular misconception that the ever-broadening influence of the media is narrowing the differences between the two forms of English, Mr. Burchfield said at a news conference this week.

"However, I would guess that 200 million Americans haven't been to England, and there are probably 47 million British who haven't been to the U.S. And it's not the media that control the language, it's the 200 million and the 47 million who are staying at home, writing letters, talking to one another."

More Cultural Influences

American English is changing more rapidly than its British counterpart because there are more cultural influences, Mr. Burchfield said.

"A lot of people here don't speak English as a first language. Also, there are simply more stimuli here than there are in Britain. New developments often create the need for new words."

"I feel British English is retaining its more ancient character. I think in Britain there is a form of standard English to which the British aspire, but there is no one standard here." In countries where English is taught as a second language, British English eventually will be taught exclusively because it is easier to learn, he said.

Communist Intellectual Advocates Party Reform

(Continued from Page 1)

rate, and most of the deserters have been laborers.

Mr. Jean was born in the nearby port of Marseilles, where his father was a government functionary who held leftist ideas but never joined the Communist Party. During World War II, the younger man joined a resistance group affiliated with the Communists and helped organize students at the University of Aix-Marseilles, where he now teaches modern French literature.

Among Communists, and even French intellectuals generally, Mr. Jean is unusual in his open affection for the United States. For the last three summers he has taught French literature at Middlebury College in Vermont. He says that he never conceals his party membership when he applies for visas to visit the United States.

He began his teaching career in New York City during the McCarthy era, an experience that formed the basis of his first novel. He says he admires "the fact that American democracy is so much stronger than that practiced in Socialist countries."

Heresy and Orthodoxy

Being a Communist Party member raises few eyebrows in this community of 140,000 people. Mr. Jean's university has a large Communist contingent, and even the president is a party member. Mr. Jean owns his home and two cars, and he prefers "bourgeois vacations" with his wife and four children to party-sponsored group travel. He is liked that his oldest daughter is an "ultra-leftist," a Trotskyite, and attributes her attitude partly to "rebellion against her father."

His most controversial aspect is his identification with the party's dissident movement. He was one of more than 300 Communist intellectuals who recently

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Lebanon Claims Killing of 20

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Pledge
a Rebel

BIKE FOR TWO — Joffe surveys the passing scene from his regular seat behind Donna Housman of Lynd, Minn. Pooch and mistress are a familiar motorcycling duo in the area.

New Focus on White-Collar Crime

FBI Expanding Undercover Operations

WASHINGTON, June 28 (UPI) — At a hearing that included a film of an FBI agent haggling over the price of a stolen Rembrandt, a Senate Judiciary subcommittee was told yesterday that the bureau's undercover operations have been growing steadily in size and sophistication over the past few years.

"It's a good investment," FBI official Francis O'Brien said of the technique that began four years ago with planning for the bureau's celebrated undercover fencing operation here in Washington.

He said the FBI has nearly a hundred criminal undercover operations approved or under way somewhere in the United States. Increasingly, he told the Senate Subcommittee on Administrative Practice and Procedure, organized and white-collar crime operations are becoming the targets.

"The trend today is . . . away from the initial . . . street operations and . . . into more sophisticated types of activity," Mr. O'Brien said.

Legal Questions Raised

Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., and Sen. James Abourezk, D-S.D., who alternated as chairmen at the session, said that they were concerned about the legal and policy questions underlying the new approach — such as whether and when to wink at or violate state and federal laws.

"We're still groping," Deputy Assistant Attorney General Mary Lawton testified. "It is new to us. Suddenly we are just beginning to grapple with some of these particular rules."

For instance, she said, the FBI

U.S. Authorities Review Medical Checks

Sickness Can Sour Foreign Adoptions

By Wendell Rawls Jr.
WASHINGTON, June 28 (NYT) — The midnight flight from Ecuador was 2½ hours late, but Robert and Rhea Dennis waited in Miami with excited anticipation, certain that they would soon be laughing and crying and telling each other how pretty their new daughter was.

When they were handed the swaddled baby, whom they had already named Maritza Rosa, the couple could hardly speak for shock.

"Is she mongoloid?" Mrs. Dennis asked the American nurse who had brought the adopted child on her way home for the Christmas holidays. The woman hedged, saying that perhaps they were unaccustomed to Indian babies.

The couple went to their hotel in the early morning hours of Dec. 16, 1977. "I began to undress her and I almost fainted when I saw her body," Mrs. Dennis recalled in an interview at the Philadelphia home that the couple had bought the day before they went to Miami. "She was a little skeleton with skin."

Back in Philadelphia, they drove straight from the airport to a pediatrician, who examined the child and declared, "This baby is a disaster." He told them she was suffering from malnutrition, a congenital heart defect and probably Down's Syndrome, or mongoloidism. She stayed at Children's Hospital for five months, much of the time on intravenous feedings, later recovering from heart surgery.

Desperate Couples

The case of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis and Maritza Rosa is perhaps an extreme one, but it points out some of the problems encountered by often desperate, generally childless couples who, impatient with the prospect of waiting several years to adopt a baby, turn to foreign sources.

Such couples report a recurring theme: The children, officially

declared healthy, often have received inadequate medical care and cursory medical examinations from doctors selected by U.S. consulates. Babies arrive with problems ranging from relatively easily treatable ailments such as body lice, scabies and pneumonia, to heart malfunctions that require surgery.

Foreign adoptions more than quadrupled in the United States between 1968 and 1976, from 1,612 to 6,550. South Korea was popular, then the Vietnam war produced thousands of orphans. In the last few years, Americans seeking children have started looking to South America.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis had been told by adoption agencies that they would have to wait two, three or more years for a healthy white infant. When they met another couple who had adopted a child from Ecuador and learned that they, too, could do so within a year, they eagerly began the process.

They were put in contact with Alfredo Alvear, a lawyer in Quito whom they were told, had arranged for numerous adoptions of healthy Ecuadorian babies. Within four months, Mrs. Dennis received a collect call from Mr. Alvear reporting a premature baby girl available for adoption. He said that the mother was a 16-year-old girl who wanted to finish her education. She turned out to be the first of 10 children whose mother had died, leaving her responsible for the others.

Mr. Alvear assured Mrs. Dennis that the baby was healthy, although small, and that his family was caring for her in his home. After repeated assurances that the baby was healthy, Mrs. Dennis said she would "love to adopt her."

About nine weeks later, on Dec. 15, 1977, Maritza Rosa, aged 3½ months, left for Miami. Mr. Alvear wrote that day saying she was "small but very healthy." At Philadelphia Children's Hospital, she was found to weigh 4½ pounds when the Dennis decided that they could not cope with the problems of raising a mongoloid child and would give Maritza Rosa up for adoption, they received several offers. They accepted one.

Such couples report a recurring theme: The children, officially

less than most U.S. babies weigh at birth.

According to State Department documents, before Mr. Alvear obtained the child's immigration visa from the U.S. consul in Guayaquil, two physicians in Quito, Dr. Luis Rendon and Dr. Julio Salas Reyes, had found no defects in the baby and determined her "to be in good health."

Seton Stapleton, deputy head of the Public Service Division in the visa office of the State Department, has acknowledged that embassies and consulates often receive complaints about medical examinations. Offending physicians have been removed from consulate lists in the past.

Now, he said, a "number of problems with doctors" over the last several months has led the department to look into medical examination procedures at consulates "around the world." And the Dennis case has resulted in the appointment of a pediatrician to examine children coming from Ecuador.

The Dennis case rocked the foreign adoption community. Within hours after their daughter's problems were diagnosed and the couple had called Mr. Alvear to demand an explanation, they began to receive telephone calls from across the nation.

Outraged people asked them not to cause problems for Mr. Alvear or precipitate curtailment of adoptions by the Ecuadorian government. Reporters inquiring about the Dennis case received calls from people defending Mr. Alvear as a "great man" who had "made a lot of people very happy and given a lot of children happy homes."

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U.S. Scientists Weigh Costs, Methods

Used A-Plants: The Problem Is Getting Rid of Them

By Paul Jacobs

SAN ONOFRE, Calif., June 28 — Sunbathers in the year 2027 may stake claim to the site of what is now the San Onofre nuclear power plant, south of San Clemente in Orange County, about 60 miles south of Los Angeles.

But they will not be able to until the utility companies that own the plant have spent more than \$85 million in 1978 dollars to "decommission" the plant, a process that requires removing all traces of nuclear fuel, "moltenizing" the plant for 17 years while radiation levels drop, removing structures and their foundations, and then filling in the resulting holes with 12 feet of sand.

Calculating the cost of decommissioning nuclear power plants was the subject of a series of talks at the annual meeting of the American Nuclear Society in San Diego this week.

The cost of liquidating the first generating unit at San Onofre is likely to be much higher than plants in other locations and circumstances.

The U.S. Navy leased 84 acres for the power plant on the condition that the site be restored and all structures removed by 2027 when the lease expires.

Relatively Small Cost

But nuclear scientists say that the cost of decommissioning a plant is small when compared to the cost of operating a utility and can be absorbed comfortably into the rates charged consumers.

The Southern California Edison Co., which owns 80 percent of the San Onofre plant, has asked the state Public Utilities Commission to allow the company to put aside \$900,000 on its undercover operations last year and recovered more than \$109 million worth of property.

At present, Mr. O'Brien said, the FBI has 71 undercover operations of its own and 21 joint operations approved or under way (not counting foreign intelligence operations).

About a dozen of the FBI operations are aimed at white-collar crime, compared to only three last year, the subcommittee was told.

Bargain Rembrandt

"We think it's a Rembrandt," the fence insisted. "I did my own research . . . I know what I'm talking about."

"Do you own your own gallery?" the FBI "expert" asked skeptically.

"No, I own the person that stole that painting off the wall," the fence shot back.

The FBI man finally bought the painting for \$22,000 — or 10 percent of what all sides evidently agreed was its minimum true value. The fence has since been tried and convicted for dealing in stolen property.

Deputy Assistant Attorney General John Keeney, who testified for the Justice Department's Criminal Division, said that prosecutions resulting from the FBI's undercover operations have been "extraordinarily productive," including successes against phony financial

In S. Carolina, Mississippi

2 Lawyers Win Runoffs For Democratic Slates

NEW YORK, June 28 (UPI) — Two lawyers beat better-known opponents in Democratic runoffs for nominations for South Carolina governor and Mississippi senator yesterday, but they are up against strong Republican opposition in the November general election.

Dick Riley, who vowed to end "good ole boy" politics in South Carolina, capitalized on a former opponent's endorsement to overtake Lt. Gov. Brantley Harvey and win the chance to regain the governor's office for the Democrats.

At his victory party, Mr. Riley

Aggressive Campaign

Mr. Riley, a 45-year-old progressive former state senator from Greenville, S.C., waged an aggressive campaign to gain recognition.

He will face former Rep. Ed Young, the Republican nominee, in the general election. Gov. James Edwards, the first GOP governor in South Carolina in almost a century, could not succeed himself.

With more than 99 percent of the vote counted, Mr. Riley got 178,518 votes, or 53.29 percent, to 156,476, or 46.71 percent, for Mr. Harvey.

In Mississippi, attorney Maurice Dantin won a landslide victory over Gov. Cliff Finch in the Democratic battle for the chance to succeed retiring Sen. James Eastland.

With all but two of the state's 2,353 precincts reporting, Mr. Dantin had 234,353 votes compared to 124,653 for Mr. Finch.

The one-time district attorney, a Marine Corps Reserve colonel, faces three-term GOP Rep. Thad Cochran, plus black independents Charles Evers and Henry Kirksey in the general election.

Mr. Dantin's case rocked the foreign adoption community. Within hours after their daughter's problems were diagnosed and the couple had called Mr. Alvear to demand an explanation, they began to receive telephone calls from across the nation.

Outraged people asked them not to cause problems for Mr. Alvear or precipitate curtailment of adoptions by the Ecuadorian government. Reporters inquiring about the Dennis case received calls from people defending Mr. Alvear as a "great man" who had "made a lot of people very happy and given a lot of children happy homes."

When the Dennis decided that they could not cope with the problems of raising a mongoloid child and would give Maritza Rosa up for adoption, they received several offers. They accepted one.

up the site, all fuel will be removed and all contaminated liquids drained off. The plant will then be "mothballed."

Much of the radiation left in the plant at this stage is the result of what Mr. Stouky called "overexposure products." These particles in the water that have become radioactive and are deposited in a variety of places in the plant.

Most of the remaining contamination decays quickly — 98 percent of it within 60 years, Mr. Stouky said.

Other contaminants lose their radioactivity much more slowly — niobium, a radioactive contaminant found in iron, loses half of its radioactivity only after 158,000 years.

Thus safeguarding the plant for 60 years makes dismantling safer, but does not eliminate the need to

protect the site or dispose of remaining contamination.

Generally, nuclear reactors have a life expectancy of 32 years, Mr. Stouky said, but they may be able to generate even longer.

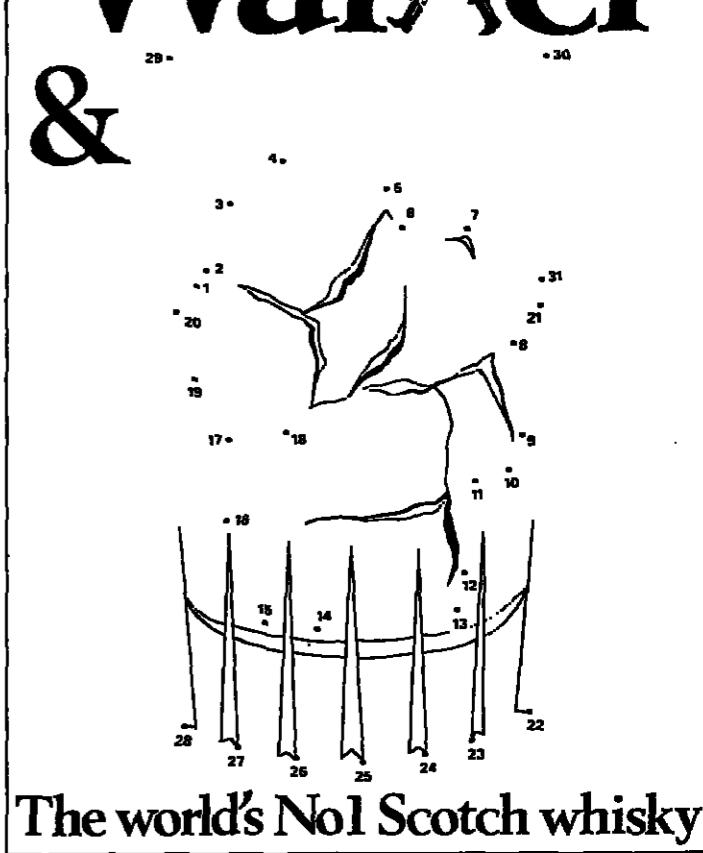
It is the constant irradiation of the containment vessel that limits the life of a nuclear plant, Mr. LaGuardia said.

The vessel becomes increasingly brittle and loses its ability to withstand high pressures at normal operating temperatures.

While engineers and scientists are studying the possibility of restoring or replacing a reactor vessel, it is still uncertain whether it makes economic sense to do so, Mr. LaGuardia said. And the actual costs of demolition may be less than current estimates as experience grows.

* Los Angeles Times

Johnnie Walker &



Strikes Spread In Nicaragua

Japan Reported To Plan Missile

TOKYO, June 28 (UPI) — Japan plans to develop a defensive ground-to-sea missile with a longer range than the U.S. Harpoon missile, it was reported yesterday.

The financial newspaper Nihon Keizai Shimbun said that the \$20 billion project would begin in the next fiscal year.

It said the missile, code-named XSS-2, will have turbojet propulsion and a range of 100 miles.

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Such couples report a recurring theme: The children, officially

Korean Pride.

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In 1592, while European

mariners still roamed the seas in wooden ships, skilled Korean

shipbuilders developed and sailed the world's first iron clad vessel.

200 years

before the West, the

Korean "Turtle Ship" made

iron clad vessels a reality.

The one-time district attorney, a

Marine Corps Reserve colonel,

faces three-term GOP Rep. Thad

Cochran, plus black independ

Icebreaker, Cargo Ship Cross Early**Russians Extend Arctic Route's Season**

By Theodore Shabad

NEW YORK, June 28 (NYT) — A Soviet nuclear icebreaker, in what may be a significant advance in arctic navigation, has convoyed a cargo ship across the frozen top of the world two months ahead of the normal start of the brief summer shipping season.

In addition, the convoy passed far to the north of the customary sea lane along the Siberian coast.

The voyage was meant to demonstrate the Russians' growing capability to use the arctic basin as a transport route linking the western and eastern ends of the Soviet Union, and stopping to supply new oil and gas fields and other resource-development sites along the way.

According to Soviet press reports, it took 18 days for the 75,000-horsepower icebreaker *Sibir*, followed to cover the 3,360 nautical miles — 2,800 of them through heavy pack ice — eastward from the port of Murmansk, in northern

Russia, to the Bering Strait between Siberia and Alaska.

The two-ship convoy left Murmansk on May 25. After fighting its way through the arctic ice, it reached open water off the north-east tip of Siberia on June 12.

Arctic Cape Skirted

In an effort to avoid ice-clogged straits between the Siberian mainland and several offshore island groups, the *Sibir* and the Kapitan Myshevsky followed a course that took them to the north of the islands of Novaya Zemlya (New Land), Severnaya Zemlya (North Land) and the East Siberian Islands.

At the northernmost point along the route, on June 3, the two ships rounded Arctic Cape, the northern

French Court Probes Palace Blast; 8 Held

PARIS, June 28 (UPI) — The national State Security Court is directing the investigation of the terrorist bombing of the Versailles palace and has ordered eight Breton nationalists detained for questioning in the case, the police said today.

The State Security Court, a special body that does not normally concern itself with criminal acts, was given jurisdiction because of indications that the attack was carried out by separatists seeking autonomy for Brittany.

Police sources said the Breton Republican Army, a branch of the Breton Liberation Front, was responsible for the attack that caused more than \$1 million in damage in the south wing of the historic chateau early Monday, police sources said.

Eight separatists were taken into police custody yesterday. Under French law they can be held for six days without being formally arrested and indicted.

The police would not release the names of those in custody, but said they were being questioned at Rennes. Roger de Tallyander, the police official in charge of the investigation in Brittany, said that several areas were searched today in connection with the case.

Israeli Copied Money To Pay Prostitutes

HAIFA, Israel, June 28 (UPI) — A 36-year-old music teacher has been given a suspended one-year jail sentence here for paying prostitutes with blurred copies of bank notes that he had run off on a photocopier.

The court also fined the man the equivalent of \$5,700 and ordered him to repay the prostitutes, who had failed to notice the forgery immediately because of the dark.

up of Severnaya Zemlya, at 81 degrees 20 minutes north latitude.

Once during the voyage the East Siberian Sea, huge ice floes tilted the icebreaker by 20 degrees from the vertical, causing water to spill out of the ship's indoor swimming pool and knocking objects off tables and shelves, press reports said. Underwater inspection of the hull revealed dents, but no serious damage.

The expedition had the benefit of three types of Soviet earth satellites. The *Cosmos-1000*, a navigation satellite launched in March, helped determine the ship's position. An American reconnaissance craft of the *Meteor* series supplied information on ice cover. A communications satellite relayed television programs from Moscow.

Prolonged Season

Although the Northern Sea Route, as the usual shipping lane along the Siberian coast is called, has long been publicized by Moscow as a potential transport route serving Arctic outposts, inadequate icebreaker capacity has limited its practical use in the past to about three months, starting in July or August.

In recent years, the Russians have reinforced their fleet with three nuclear-powered icebreakers — the older 16,000-ton *Lenin* and the newer and more powerful 25,000-ton *Sibir* and *Arktika* — as well as conventional shallow-draft icebreakers, built in Finland, that are designed to open up shallow ice-clogged river mouths.

As a result, northern shipping operations have been steadily extended to as long as eight and nine months in the heavily traveled western sector of the Northern Sea Route. The latest voyage was an attempt to test the practicality of a prolonged shipping season along the entire route.

On the homeward voyage, the *Sibir* delivered construction equipment and supplies to a new drifting ice-floe station, designated North Pole 34, which was established two months ago in the East Siberian Sea. It is the third manned research station now adrift in the arctic basin.

N. Ireland Children**Cirene U.S. Vacations**

MINNEAPOLIS, June 28 (UPI) — Children from Northern Ireland arrived at Twin Cities International Airport in Minnesota yesterday for six-week vacations.

The children are part of a group of 169 participating in a program sponsored by the Sarah Hughes American Holiday for Irish Children Foundation. The program brings children from Northern Ireland to Minnesota, Wisconsin and North Dakota each summer. They live with sponsoring families for six weeks.



CANADIAN TORNADO — This is what is left of some of the 65 homes that were smashed by Tuesday's tornado in Buckingham, Quebec. About 35 persons were injured in the storm.

Fears of Nationalism Discounted**Jews Are Safe in Quebec, Rabbi Says**

By George Vecsey

TORONTO, June 28 (NYT) — Although some Jews have left Quebec, the president of the Canadian Jewish Congress yesterday cautioned his colleagues in the United States against seeing anti-Semitic motives in the nationalist movement the predominantly French-speaking province.

The official, Rabbi Gunther Plaut, praised the "freedom and democracy" of the movement and described the Quebecois as "the Zionists of Canada." He said that Jews should understand the desire of French Canadians for a "home base" and be predicted that most Jews in Montreal, estimated at 120,000, would remain there and adjust to new language laws in their schools, businesses and social life.

Rabbi Plaut's remarks were made here during the annual meeting of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, an association of more than 1,000 Reform rabbis. The same view was expressed informally by several members of the Rabbinical Council of America, a group of about 1,000 Orthodox rabbis that also met here.

English-French Problem

"Many people in the U.S. are not aware of what is going on until you explain the realities to them," said Rabbi Sender Shizgol, national director of the Mizrahi Organization of Canada and a resident of Montreal. "They hear that a small number of Jews are leaving, but the problem is between English and French, not between Jewish and

French. The small number of Jews who are leaving are leaving for economic reasons."

Concerns have been raised in recent years over the future of the Jewish community in Quebec, where perhaps 85 percent of the 6 million residents speak French.

Rabbi Plaut said that he saw no danger signs for Jews. He said that it was understandable that Jews would be uncomfortable about certain forms of nationalism such as had emerged in Germany in the 1930s. But he called Quebec nationalism "salvationary."

"Followers of René Levesque," he said, referring to the premier of Quebec, "draw upon a deep-rooted passion for French culture and tradition, and for them separation and independence have a messianic or salvational dimension. Therefore, the Quebecois are not subject to rational economic arguments, any more than the Jews of 1947 could be dissuaded from establishing their own state on the grounds it might be economically unfeasible or difficult to defend."

The Chinese Communist Party

relate relations with its Yugoslav counterpart more than 20 years ago when Belgrade rejected Stalinism and began to experiment with economic measures considered too unorthodox by the Chinese. Relations between the two countries warmed in more recent years, however, as Peking joined Belgrade in turning against the Russians.

Warm Message

Mr. Tito's visit to Peking last year brought signs of a return to relations between the two Communist parties. A warm message last week from the Chinese Central Committee to Yugoslavia's 11th Congress of the League of Communists may have signaled the complete healing of the split.

The Chinese even seem to be interested in borrowing some of Yugoslavia's capitalist-tinged industrial methods. Yugoslav journalists have reported Chinese experiments with Belgrade's system of experiments and product decisions by individual factories.

Potential successors to Mr. Tito, 85, are unlikely to do what Peking fears most — move Yugoslavia back into the Soviet camp. But Mr. Hu and the rest of the Chinese leadership apparently want to cultivate those successors.

The Albanians have reacted with muted anger to Peking's growing ties with Yugoslavia, a neighbor that has not always been friendly. They also have objected to China's new ties with the United States, preferring the old days when Albanians and Chinese joined together to denounce both superpowers with equal harshness.

Albanian Article

Albania launched another salvo in Peking's direction Saturday with an article that appears to back Vietnam in its bitter feud with China over treatment of overseas Chinese.

California Said To Reflect U.S. On Tax Measure

OTTAWA, June 28 (UPI) — Former Defense Minister James Richardson quit his party membership yesterday to sit as an independent member of Parliament in a protest of constitutional changes proposed by Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau that, he said, "will divide Canada permanently."

The fundamental flaw in the government proposals is that it emphasizes our differences as Canadians instead of emphasizing all that we are as Canadians," Mr. Richardson said.

"I am convinced that the government's proposed legislation, if it is ever enacted, could not possibly unite Canada but will divide Canada permanently." Mr. Richardson resigned as defense minister two years ago to protest efforts to promote use of the French language.

Senators Vote To Explore Use Of Shale Fuel

WASHINGTON, June 28 (AP) — The Senate yesterday voted 61 to 22 for a major federal effort to determine whether oil extracted from shale can be economically competitive with other fuels.

The bill, which now goes to the House, would authorize up to three separate government-owned experimental plants, each to test a separate method for squeezing oil from the shale rock.

The measure authorizes \$1.4 million to start the program, with another \$275 million to \$400 million expected to be earmarked for program in 1980.

The nation's oil shale resources have been estimated at 2 trillion barrels, of which 600 billion barrels are considered removable. By contrast, U.S. petroleum reserves are currently estimated at 29 billion barrels.

In the past these vast resources have been left relatively untapped — because of the difficulty and expense of extracting oil from shale. But as the price of conventional oil continues to rise, shale oil looks more and more attractive, its advocates contend.

Kyprianou Returns From British Talks

NICOSIA, June 28 (UPI) — President Spyros Kyprianou returned home last night from a five-day visit to London saying that Britain had come out against the partition of Cyprus "under any form."

On arrival at Larnaca airport, Mr. Kyprianou said, "In our talks with British Prime Minister James Callaghan we agreed basically that a solution of the Cyprus question should exclude every form of parti-

Hua May Visit Bucharest, Belgrade**China Moves to Bolster Eastern European Ties**

By Jay Matthews

HONG KONG, June 28 (WP) — China has signaled its concern over the future of Eastern Europe and relations with the Soviet Union with an unusual message to the Yugoslav Communist Party Congress and a reported decision by Chairman Hu Kuo-feng to make an unannounced trip to Yugoslavia and Romania.

Peking's latest moves to strengthen ties with the two Eastern European states reflect both Chinese uncertainty about what will follow the death of Yugoslavia's President Tito and China's deteriorating relations with Albania, formerly its closest European ally.

Western news agencies in Belgrade say that sources high in the Yugoslav Communist Party have confirmed Chairman Hu's plan to visit Belgrade and Bucharest in August, although Peking has said nothing about the trip so far. It would be the first time a chairman of the Chinese Communist Party had traveled west of Moscow, the destination of the late Chairman Mao Tse-tung's only two trips outside China.

The Chinese Communist Party

break relations with its Yugoslav counterpart more than 20 years ago when Belgrade rejected Stalinism and began to experiment with economic measures considered too unorthodox by the Chinese. Relations between the two countries warmed in more recent years, however, as Peking joined Belgrade in turning against the Russians.

Wayne H. Bowerman

PORTLAND, Ore., June 28 (UPI) — Wayne H. Bowerman, 93, widow of a former Oregon governor and a member of the Oregon Bar Association since 1911, died Monday in a nursing home.

Peggy Drew Bailey

PORTLAND, Ore., June 28 (UPI) — Peggy Drew Bailey, 63, a former director of women's programs for Portland radio stations KGW and KEX, died of cancer at a Portland hospital.

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Ex-Aide Resigns

Trudeau Party Over Proposals

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Police Blockade Mexican City**138 Haitians Foiled At Palm Beach Entry**

PALM BEACH, Fla., June 28 (UPI) — At least 138 Haitians landed in southern Florida from the Bahamas yesterday, swelling a growing tide of illegal immigrants.

The first group of 33 landed among the luxuries of Palm Beach at about 3 a.m. and was rounded up by police. They were followed during the day by another group of 40, one of 43 and finally one of 22.

Officials confirmed that at least 3 rioters were killed Monday and 15 were hospitalized with wounds from four hours of fighting with police. The rioting grew out of a demonstration against the beating death of a 15-year-old boy last week.

Windows were broken and stores were looted and burned in a 15-block downtown area, causing an estimated \$2 million in damage.

Netherlands Boosts Investment Subsidies

THE HAGUE, June 28 (Reuters) — The Dutch parliament approved today an investment account bill, designed to inject 13 billion guilders (\$about \$5.8 billion) into investment promotion measures over the next four years, creating 110,000 new jobs.

Under the law, firms will be entitled to investment subsidies rather than deductions on investment allowances from profits before calculating tax.

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Princess Caroline Wed In Private Ceremony

MONTÉ CARLO, June 28 (IHT) — Princess Caroline, 21, married Philippe Junot, 38, in the elegant palace throne room where 22 years ago her father, Prince Rainier, wed her mother, Grace Kelly, the American movie actress.

However, the marriage will not become complete until a Roman Catholic ceremony is held late tomorrow morning in a small palace chapel.

The civil ceremony, held at 5:30 p.m. in strict privacy with only some 40 family members present, was nice and in good spirits, sources said, but not particularly emotional.

The princess wore a mid-calf-length, ice-blue dress. Her attendants were her younger sister Stephanie, dressed in white with yellow and blue embroidery, and Marie, and Sarah Poniatowski, granddaughters of former French Interior Minister Michel Poniatowski. Her witnesses were her brother, Prince Albert, and her cousin, Grace Levine. Mr. Junot's witnesses were his sister, Mrs. Tom (Fleur) Cowles Meyer, never got to see Cary Grant, "who was best man at my wedding."

M. Aherne danced with Princess Grace and so did Jacques Chazot, a professional dancer whose perfect waltz drew applause. Looking her most radiant self, Princess Caroline stood surrounded by young friends, as she said, "a bit exhausted but all this is so exciting," with stars in her eyes.

Although the music played away,

people preferred to play at the best see-and-be-seen game in town. For once, the men were in all their glory and a lot of them went around beribboned and carrying a lot of metal on their chests. Mrs. Jean Claude Aaron (whose husband built the Tour Maine-Montparnasse) had carried his wide red and white ribbon and commandeur de la Legion d'Honneur cross in his bat box, she said. Habib Bourguiba Jr. wore the Monégasque white and red Order of Saint Charles ribbon across his chest. Prince Rainier's medals were stacked deep above a huge star-shaped decoration. The most unexpected combination was to be found on a woman, though. Mrs. Cino Del Duca, widow of the Italian publisher, who wore nine medals and some of the biggest 1925 diamond jewelry around.

The whole evening had a fairytale quality. The Italianate palace courtyard was lit *a giorno* while the moon, a quarter full and orange, sat cornered in the sky as in some perfectly propped opera.

On top of the double, curved staircase, banked with yellow and pink carnations, at the stroke of 10, Prince Rainier, Princess Grace, and the young couple took over the reception.

Princess Grace was in salmon chiffon and diamonds, including a tiara made of pearl-shaped diamonds. Princess Caroline wore a high-waisted, shimmering empire dress and her hair was caught into a high, Empress Josephine hairstyle topped by a diamond coronet. Past the frescoed-ceiling gallery, the guests then moved over to the formal salons, including the Salle du Trone, a red-damask room where the princess was married this afternoon. Most of the furniture had been cleared out and buffets set up in most every room while the orchestra played in what is ordinarily the dining room. But all those

salons represent the original and now formal side of the palace. The family lives in a modern wing which was added a few years ago.

Guests Arrive

The guests arrived from the Salle des Gardes to the Salon Bleu, the latter cramped with friends and family, silver-framed pictures including one of Prince Rainier's marriage to Princess Grace. But few found their way to the smallish red-silk-walled anteroom where, 22 years ago, Grace Kelly first met her future husband.

There was quite a lot of people from the old Hollywood days around, including Brian Aherne and his wife, who now live in Switzerland. Mr. Aherne was the priest in the last and prophetic Grace Kelly film, "The Swan." There were also David Niven, Gregory Peck, Frank Sinatra and Ava Gardner, her hair a mass of ribbons, braids and turquoise jewelry. The crowds were so dense that Mrs. Tom (Fleur) Cowles Meyer never got to see Cary Grant, "who was best man at my wedding."

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The Fashions

Fashion-wise, Marc Bohan, who flew in on Oscar Wyatt's private jet yesterday afternoon, was the hero of the evening. He was responsible for both princesses' dresses and had a few more to his credit, including Mrs. Bernard Francois Poncet's shimmering gold gown. But Guy Laroche did all right, too, having dressed the mother of the groom, actress Nicole Calfan and Lorraine Dubonnet. So did Saint Laurent, with Mrs. Jean-Pierre Marcil-Riviere, who had matched her coral and amethyst jewelry with her dress, and Balmain, with Mrs. Graham Matison, in a pink taffeta column, which she wore with outstanding pearls.

Although Estee Lauder debuted on the plane over from London whether she should or should not, finally decided she wouldn't, many women wore tiaras. Again, in an evening where women worked



United Press International
Princess Caroline and Philippe Junot dance at ball.

hard to look their best, everything was just so. Baroness Guy de Rothschild had a diamond and sapphire ring to match her sapphire blue chiffon dress, and Mrs. Pierre Schlumberger wore a ruby and diamond one with dress to match.

The delicate one in Duchesse de la Rochechouart's blonde chignon looked like a family heirloom.

Princess Grace danced and walked around and had a kind word for everybody after having spent most of her day on the telephone, making sure her out-of-town guests were being taken care of. As for Prince Rainier, he acted as most fathers do in similar occasions. He retreated to the smallest room in the house, the simplest one with wicker furniture and bird cages and lots of fresh air. With a few friends around, including Fred Heineken (of the brewery fortune), Lebanese Khalil El Khoury and Wilfred Groot, who once was head of the Societe des Bains de Mer, the prince obviously had a ball, too, laughing and trading jokes.

The ball ended at 4 a.m. but Regine had already managed to get her faithful Tout-Paris to the Madrasa Restaurant, above her boudoir, where she fed them spare ribs and spring rolls. Princess Ferial of Jordan, who was escorted by Stavros Niarchos, had quietly taken off her magnificent diamond necklace but kept her earrings.

The presents the young couple received are on display in the palace's library. Princess Grace gave her daughter "a lot of beautifully embroidered linens, which she happens to love." As for Prince Rainier, "He is giving something very special. He won't say. It's a similar gift for each of them." A sculpture perhaps? (Prince Rainier has unpublicized, but, his friends say, sure talent in that direction.)

No, the princess said, "It's something else, he's keeping it very private."

After the civil wedding today, they shook hands at a reception with some 2,000 Monégasques, who had all been invited but had to present identification.

WINE

Big Oversight in the Rhone Valley

By Jon Winetro

PARIS, June 28 (IHT) — "The Rhone Valley possesses some of France's most remarkable and distinguished wines, and its vine-

Von Hirsch Sale
Ends With More
Record Prices

LONDON, June 28 (IHT) — Last night's final session of the auction of the Robert von Hirsch collection finally justified Sotheby's claim to holding "the sale of the century."

The prices paid for 19th and 20th-century master drawings were out of all proportion to usual market ratings. A tiny 2-by-17.5-centimeter pencil copy of a portrait by Hans Holbein the Younger done about 1806-1811 by Ingres jumped to a crazy £26,000, a world record for a drawing of this type. A very fine pen drawing by Gericault was again a world record at £25,300, as was an insignificant very small portrait by minor impressionist Berthe Morisot, knocked down at £23,100, three-and-a-half times Sotheby's estimate.

The presence of many inexperienced amateurs looking for an expensive souvenir explains why the least desirable items in categories that otherwise are sinking fast brought as much as six times their estimate. The £6,20 paid for a small drawing by Joan Miro is such an example.

In the upper range, a phenomenon of collective hysteria appeared to affect institutions and high-powered buyers. A marvelous but tiny Cezanne sketch for "Les Grandes Baigneuses" sold for £156,000 to a New York bidder and a still life also by Cezanne, which soared to £330,000, the world record for any impressionist watercolor, reflected this attitude.

The total fetched last night was £2,701,400, bringing the Von Hirsch grand total to £20,315,182, the highest ever in the history of the art market. The prices broke 52 auction records.

SOUREN MELIKIAN

yards are probably the oldest in France. It is therefore quite amazing that even today it should still be a comparatively unexplored, little-noticed wine region."

So say Englishmen John Livingstone-Learmonth and Melvyn C.H. Master, who have done their best to help correct this unjustified neglect with "The Wines of the Rhone" (Faber and Faber, 235 pp., £9.50).

Master established his own wine-exporting firm in the area and Livingstone-Learmonth worked with him for several years. They have written an informative, useful book with each chapter devoted to a specific *appellation* and produced by a list of the better producers and a summary of recent vintages.

The book has a good general index but no bibliography, which would have been helpful for checking historical assertions. The maps are inadequate but there is an excellent glossary of general and regional French wine terms, a calendar of wine fairs and a list of cellars where visitors may taste.

The chances are that we will taste something new in many parts of the Rhone because some of the best vintages are not only unknown but produced in tiny quantities.

Some of the Best

How many have heard of, let alone tasted, Cote-Rotie, Condrieu, Chateauneuf-du-Pape, Tavel, Gigondas, Hermitage, and Crozes-Hermitage?

Until the middle of the 19th century Hermitage was frequently sent to Bordeaux to fill out the body of even the greatest chateaux in poor years, just as much Chateauneuf-du-Pape went into improving shippers' Burgundies.

Although in this reviewer's opinion Chateauneuf-du-Pape is somewhat overrated, it certainly deserves better than to be used as a *remède* for doctoring thin wines. The chapter on this celebrated wine is the best part of the book.

As the authors put it, Chateauneuf-du-Pape is "the unofficial cap-

ital of the Cotes-du-Rhone." The wine has the highest minimum degree of alcohol (12.5 percent by volume) set by the government for any French wine (Muscadet, by contrast, may not go over 12.5 percent).

The variety of . . . wines at Chateauneuf-du-Pape is greater than in any other French vineyard, and altogether 13 different grapes are allowed to go into the wine." Although only 4 percent of the production of this wine is white, white grapes may also enter into the making of the red, as is also true for Cote-Rotie, Hermitage and Crozes-Hermitage.

No Serious Rivals

The authors seem to show the most enthusiasm for Chateauneuf-du-Pape, "which, when genuine, is almost certainly the best red wine from the South of France." But two paragraphs later they say, "the northern part of the valley, containing the finest wines . . . Cote-Rotie, Hermitage, Condrieu and Chateauneuf-du-Pape are all in the northern part of the Rhone Valley, while Chateauneuf-du-Pape is in the southern part and has no serious rivals there."

They also go astray over the question of the origin of the Syrah grape variety, the best grape of the Rhone. The authors try to trace it from the wine-growing region around Shiraz in Iran via the Phoenician Greeks, who founded Massilia about 600 BC. But the city of Shiraz was founded in AD 584 after the Arab conquest of Persia, or more than 1,200 years after the authors claim the Phoenicians introduced the Syrah to the upper Rhone.

It seems more likely that the name comes from the Corinthian colony of Syracuse in Sicily or that the Syrah was brought back by the Crusaders. If, in fact, its name does come from Shiraz, there is little chance that we will ever know for sure.

The authors are on surer ground when it comes to describing the various wines, how they are made and the change toward lighter, fruitier wines in recent years. Their book is indispensable to anyone on a serious tasting or buying trip to the Rhone Valley.

—SOUREN MELIKIAN

Ballet in London

England's 'International' Troupe Offers Triple Bill

By Oleg Kerenky

LONDON, June 28 (IHT) — It's lucky that the London Festival Ballet now includes its home city in its title, otherwise audiences on the troupe's frequent foreign tours would have difficulty in knowing that it is England's second major company.

The Festival Ballet, which goes to New York and Washington next month, has principals of almost every nationality, quite apart from Rudolf Nureyev, the ubiquitous international superstar who will lead them. At its best, as in last week's interesting triple bill, this mixture can work well. Ronald Hynd's new version of "La Chatte" which had its world premiere, boasted Italian and Swiss ballerinas, a Scottish leading man, and at least three other nationalities among the small supporting cast.

Eva Evdokimova, the ballerina in "Etudes," is herself a mixture of nationalities — she was supported by Patrice Bart of the Paris Opera and Peter Schaufuss, the Danish star who is now a member of the National Ballet of Canada, both regular guests with the Festival Ballet.

"La Chatte," first staged for Diaghilev by Balanchine in 1927, has not been seen for nearly 50 years. All that remains is Sauguet's jazzy music and Boris Kochno's slight scenario based on an Aesop fable. Hynd has made the story vaguely modern and mildly obscure. Elisebeth Terabust is discovered reclining in feline dark glasses on the top of impressive white steps in front of a bright blue sky. With her is Manola Asensio, who at first seems to be her girl friend but is later transformed into a guardian angel. On the ground below, in white shirt

and pants, lies Kenneth McCombie. He is joined by a group of similarly clad young men, who appear to be athletes and indulge in gymnastic dances, cartwheels, etc. McCombie tries to climb up to Terabust but keeps falling dangerously into the arms of the other men. Finally, the two principals meet, dance a long pas de deux, and end up in an embrace.

A Period Air

This semblance of plot is intriguing enough for one viewing, though it makes very little sense in retrospect. Peter Doherty's simple set and costumes have a period air and look most attractive. But Hynd's actual choreography, though agreeably musical, and very well danced, is not inventive or interesting enough to what the appetite for further acquaintance.

"The Sanguine Fan," his mystery story involving characters from Oscar Wilde, which was revived in the same program, is much more gripping, was equally well danced and had the special advantage on this occasion of Sir Adrian Boult, the veteran conductor, to direct Elgar's little-known but most attractive score.

The hit of the evening, however, was Harold Landre's "Etudes," which has always been one of this company's showpieces. Evdokimova's gentle charm and strong technique are particularly well suited to the romantic sections. Peter Schaufuss brought personality as well as virtuosity to his solos, though he cannot obliterate memories of John Gilpin in the finger-snapping section, and Patrice Bart's strong musical technique is also seen at its best in this work.

He was much less happy last

week in Markova's authentic, poetic production of "Les Sylphides," having neither the figure nor the style for lyrical roles. Similarly, in Mary Skeaping's very complete and rather overlong version of "Giselle," Manola Asensio seemed to regard the Queen of the Wili as some kind of Amazon, dancing with noisy strength which never suggested a spirit of the air.

Laivis Costumes

Terabust and Schaufuss were admirable as Giselle and Albrecht but it is to be hoped that the producer will coach several of the supporting roles, and supervise the erratic lighting, before this production gets to New York. There probably is no chance of making the revival of Fokin's "Scheherazade" more authentic by them, and it may get by because of its lavish costumes and exoticism, especially as Nureyev will be on hand to dance the golden slave for the first time. (He will also be doing "Spectre de la Rose" and "Bournonville's 'Conservatoire,'" neither of which he has done here.) He has returned to the Festival Ballet in London this week in his own very dramatic version of "Romeo and Juliet," and in "Giselle," both of which he will also be doing at the Met.

The only other novelty this season is Glen Tetley's "Greening," originally made in Stuttgart. The Festival Ballet has jumped just when many people here are getting tired of it. Certainly, this repetitive choreography, only vaguely related to Arie Nordheim's sound effects, is not likely to make any converts. However, it was extremely well danced by Evdokimova. Terabust and McCombie and, especially, Nicholas Johnson. Nobody wants to be

chauvinistic, but seeing Johnson raises the question whether this company really needs quite so many foreigners, especially when their presence means that better British dancers are underemployed.

The Chinese Acrobatic Theater from Liaoning, which is at the Albert Hall this week and then goes to Liverpool and on to Greece and Yugoslavia, presents very young people — all under 22 — in incredible balancing, juggling and conjuring numbers. When a whole troupe of girls rotate innumerable saucers on long rods in perfect time with each other, it somehow makes the feat look easy, though in fact such exact synchronization must be exact.

Two pairs of young men dressed as endearing lions are so charming, with their fluttering eyelashes, that it is easy to ignore their skill in balancing on huge balls on a seesaw. Other skills are more obviously exacting — the gymnasts on a horizontal ladder supported on a pole, balanced on another man's shoulder, the 11 young ladies riding around on one bicycle and the men who balance on a rickety pile of chairs or dive through narrow hoops.

The music — like all circus music

— is pretty but banal and the presentation of the show is slightly coy.

Two young ladies make unnecessary announcements and go off holding hands and the "flowers of friendship" finale irresistibly mixes propaganda with conjuring tricks.

But the show, on its first foreign tour, certainly maintains the Chinese reputation for acrobatic skill and grace, and is tremendously worth seeing.

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Who Will Bail Out Diplomacy?

The Great Bail Swap may have been the only way out of the awkwardness of the moment, but it does no credit to either the United States or the Soviet Union.

The periodic barter in spies has been an unavoidable accommodation between their intelligence services and legal systems. But both governments know that this dirty business needs to be insulated from all other transactions. If it is confused with normal standards of justice, the precarious open traffic in ideas and goods between the two societies will not long survive the hidden wars of espionage.

The game, we gather, has been for the United States and Soviet Union to expel each other's spies with the least possible fuss. For reasons not now clear, this unwritten code was broken last month after the arrest of three Soviet citizens on charges of buying U.S. military secrets.

One was a diplomat at the United Nations and he was ordered to leave the country. The other two were employees of the United Nations and therefore, it is claimed, not immune from prosecution.

To prevent their flight, bail was set at \$2 million. Unable to raise that amount, they sat in jail until Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet foreign minister, could make good his warning that "two can play at that game."

The Russians' pawn is Francis Crawford, who represents International Harvester in Moscow. He was hauled from his automobile two weeks ago and accused of having changed money on the black market. Like the Soviet citizens here, he was held in jail during the "investigation" but his case was generously discussed in the Soviet press. So, suddenly, was the case of a CIA employee who had been quietly expelled a year ago. The Russians replied to a fuss with a fuss, and they seized one body to protest the detention of two.

For its part, the U.S. government either had no substantial reason to prosecute the accused spies or never imagined that the Russians might retaliate against a U.S. citizen innocent of espionage. In any case, the sordid equation that the Russians established has now had to be affirmed to obtain Crawford's release. If this was blackmail, it has worked; U.S. as well as Soviet action has made private U.S. citizens vulnerable to arrest for barter.

The matter cannot now be left there. A new accommodation is needed to reassure routine travelers and to restore a civil climate to Soviet-U.S. relations.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Politics in the Yemens

It has not been a kind week for presidents in the Yemens. Yemen's chief of state was assassinated by a bomb in a gift package brought to him by a perhaps-unwitting Southern Yemeni emissary who was himself killed in the blast, and Southern Yemen's President Salim Robaya Ali was executed by his erstwhile colleagues. The immediate purpose of the assassination in Yemen is obscure, but it does not seem to have altered the already tense state of affairs between the rival Yemens and things are expected to go on as they were in San'a. It is on Aden, capital of Southern Yemen, that most attention is focused, since the change there suggests, if not the presence of a Soviet hand, the possibility of a Soviet gain.

Mr. Robaya Ali, the man ousted and killed in Southern Yemen, was no close friend of the West. A professed Marxist, he accepted hundreds of Soviet, East German and Cuban advisers, allowed use of Southern Yemen's port of Aden and its airfields to support Communist operations in the Horn of Africa, sent Yemeni troops to help Ethiopia and became a leading sponsor of terrorism, all while keeping his country desperately poor. Even for him, however, there were limits: he had recently balked at backing Ethiopia's campaign to subdue rebel (and Moslem) Eritrea, and evinced some interest in reaching out to Saudi Arabia and Yemen and the United

States. This was too much, it seems, for his colleagues, whose Marxism apparently is not relieved by the Moslem and moderate strains that were becoming a shade more evident in Mr. Robaya Ali.

On the day of his overthrow, U.S. diplomats had planned to arrive in Aden to try to repair relations, which Southern Yemen broke off in 1969. The U.S. purpose was to offer Southern Yemen the beginnings of an alternative to full dependence on Moscow. That purpose is sound. If the new leadership is as resolutely anti-U.S. as first reports make out, it may have no interest in rescheduling the U.S. mission. But there is no point in surrendering uncritically to the notion that events in Aden mark yet another advance of the Red tide. Perhaps the new leaders will prefer to keep Southern Yemen a Soviet client. Washington should not force that choice upon them.

The United States can let the dust settle secure in the knowledge that it has already bolstered the security of its most important friend in the neighborhood, Saudi Arabia, by the warplane deal. The argument that the Saudis needed the planes to tend to possible threats emanating from their Arab neighbors looks even more plausible now. If one were forced to pick among possible friends in the Arabian peninsula, one would go with the Saudis.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

U.S. Foreign Policy Changes

U.S. foreign policy since World War II has been through many phases, but one of its consistent tendencies has been to see most world problems in terms of the confrontation with Communism in general or the Soviet Union in particular. The United States became the defender of the status quo while Communists were seen as potential inheritors of the winds of change.

President Carter believes that the United States is the rightful leader and beneficiary of change. He is trying to turn his ship to catch its wind in his sails.

On Africa: The long-term thinkers in Washington see that the Soviet Union has almost nothing to offer Africa except weapons and that almost all of Africa's trading interests are bound up with the West, which is also the fount of new technology. This makes them confident that Cuban soldiers and Soviet weapons will eventually be ejected by the Africans themselves. Short-term thinkers worry, with reason, about the damage that can be done in the meantime. Both know that the long-term policy would be destroyed by short-term measures.

—From the *Neue Zuercher Zeitung* (Zurich).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

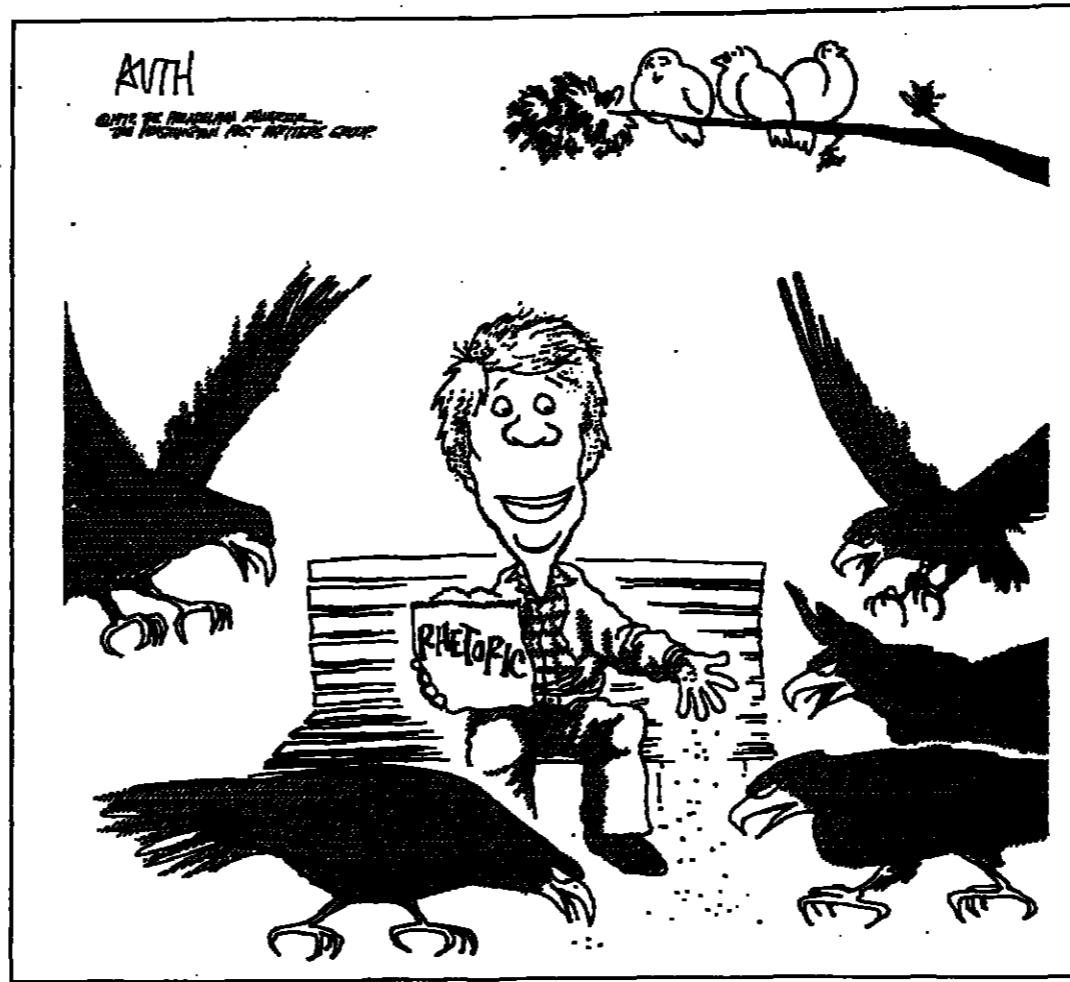
June 29, 1903

MEXICO CITY — Reports say that domestic troubles resulted in a duel between Miguel Escobedo and his wife, which took place at their home in Cholula, without seconds or witnesses. Each took a revolver, stood in the center of the room, and fired. Both were fatally wounded. Mr. Escobedo lived long enough to tell the circumstances of the affair, but failed to give the cause of the trouble.

Fifty Years Ago

June 29, 1928

HOUSTON — To the accompaniment of the flying fists of sturdy delegates, the flying nightsticks of Texas Rangers, the discord of several thousand noise-making instruments and the sounds of women's voices from the gallery linking the governor of New York alternately with Satan and saloon, the name of Alfred Emmanuel Smith was proposed on the convention floor here last night for the Democratic presidential nomination.



Bonn: A Shift Away From U.S.?

By William Pfaff

PARIS — France's Valery Giscard d'Estaing and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's meeting in Hamburg last week was about European currency coordination. But their agreement emphasized a new French-West German cooperation which has developed over recent months and possesses a crucial political dimension. With France's quiet support, West Germany today is taking an independent stand in foreign, economic and political policy. That stand is critical of the United States.

West Germany in the past, as West Germans themselves have complained, has been an economic giant and political dwarf. The reason it was a political dwarf — and the reason nearly everybody in Europe was content with things that way — is explained, of course, by the events of 1932-1945.

This had to change eventually. But what is bringing about the change today is not West German ambition for a new world role but West German resistance to current U.S. economic and political initiatives. The result scarcely would deserve to be called a West German "Gaulism." It is almost wholly defensive and reactive. It affirms no positive vision of the future, either for West Germany or for Europe. The West Germans are protecting themselves against what they see as the risks to them, and the costs, of Washington policies. But this is a major event. It is the most significant political development in Europe today.

It remains impossible to say how far this evolution will go. The basic West German position is a difficult one. If events developed far enough, the conflicting interests that are involved — to say nothing of the anxieties awakened in West Germany by trouble with the United States — could provoke important political repercussions inside West Germany and in Europe. On the one hand are the threatening

economic and commercial pressures coming from the United West German-U.S. alliance.

It is this role of moral and political guarantor of West Germany which France today is taking over. Alone, West Germany still simply is not an entirely free country, able to make policy as it wishes. An entirely independent West German foreign policy would meet resistance and suspicion even in Western Europe and would provoke the greatest alarm in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. It should not be forgotten that the West European Union in the 1950s, as a component of the NATO defense system, and the Coal and Steel Community, were originally invented to contain Germany and keep it under international influences. It is the measure of their success, but above all of the completeness of the West German rehabilitation, that this generally is forgotten today. But the West Germans nonetheless still need a guarantor, a sponsor. And France has been West Germany's victim often enough in the past to become, next to the United States (and for different reasons, obviously) the country best equipped for the role — as the French understand.

Moreover, West German and French levels of technology, and the education and sophistication of their populations, obviously are much above those in the Soviet Union. They merely don't have military forces today on the scale of the Soviet Union. Until now they have not wanted such forces, nor do they want them today. But they could have them. It's only a matter of money.

William Pfaff writes on international politics for The New York magazine. He wrote this article for the International Herald Tribune.

On Curbing Big Powers in Africa

By Jonathan Power

LONDON — It was Hilaire Belloc in that marvelous wandering-Africa poem, "The Modern Traveller" who wrote:

"Whatever happens, we have got
the Maxim gun, and they have not."

But maybe few remember the occasion which prompted the lines. It was the battle of Omdurman in the Sudan in 1898. The British were trying to secure the Nile and using the newly invented machine gun, the brainchild of Sir Hiram Maxim, mowed down the advancing Sudanese.

What is also forgotten is that the British then went on to confront the French at Fashoda further up the Nile — the climax of a series of territorial conflicts between Great Britain and France. Each country was attempting to link up its disparate colonial possessions in Africa. In the end they compromised. France was particularly pressured to strike a deal because it needed British support against Germany. They agreed that the watershed of the Nile and the Congo Rivers would mark the frontier between the respective spheres of influence.

It was a prophetic piece of writing. The Horn of Africa and Zaire have produced in the space of one

year two near Fashodas although in both cases it was proxies rather than principals that did the confronting. More are looming over the horizon — Namibia and Rhodesia.

We have also seen with the buildup of Soviet and Cuban forces — complete with MiG-21s in Ethiopia and the use of French Jaguar jets against the Polisario guerrillas in the Western Sahara — the modern equivalent of the introduction of the Maxim gun. The newspaper reports these days are not too different from a newspaper dispatch describing the use of the Maxim gun against the Sudanese: "A visible wave of death swept over the advancing host."

Inevitable

Is it inevitable that Africa has now to go through a phase of big power rivalry with its war set by the use of the latest instruments of modern technology? It has to offer and with each one bringing the day of reckoning closer for the superpowers that much closer?

The London Times, in a recent editorial considering this prospect, made the suggestion of a Monroe Doctrine for Africa: "Just as the United States in 1823 forbade European outsiders to intervene in arms in the arena of the ex-Spanish colonies in the New World, it would be in Africa's interest if outsiders were forbidden to take sides directly in the African ex-colonial zones."

This seems to be an eminently sensible idea. The question is how

Carter's Turning Of the China Card

By James Reston

WASHINGTON — The hardest things for this city to handle these days are the blurry lines between one policy and another at home and abroad. Washington wants a clear, sharp line from President Carter between high property taxes and adequate public services, between inflation and unemployment; the Israelis and the Arabs, the Russians and the Chinese, but there are no clear lines, and Carter refuses to choose up sides.

His latest press conference illustrates the point. Confronted with a series of complicated and ambiguous questions, he simply refused to give simple answers.

He agreed that taxes were too high but rejected the Steiger-Jones tax reforms he thought would favor the very rich. He criticized the Israeli government's answers to his questions about the future of the West Bank, the Gaza Strip, and the Palestinians, but insisted that the peace negotiations should go on anyway.

Seek Control

He condemned the Soviet violations of human rights under the Helsinki agreement, and the Soviet-Cuban aggressions in Africa — and agreed that this competition between Washington and Moscow would probably go on for almost a generation — but meanwhile he thought it was in everybody's interest to keep trying for control of the arms race.

Carter's answer to a question about whether he was playing "the China card" against the Soviet Union is particularly interesting.

"We are not trying, nor will we ever try, to play the Soviets against the People's Republic of China, or vice versa," he said. "We have some very important relationships with the Chinese that need to be pursued. These are worldwide common hopes that we share with the Chinese. We have bilateral relations that we need to expand — trade, exchange of science and technology, etc. And at the same time, we want to have peace with the Chinese — almost a billion people."

Always Carter was pressed for definite answers: "Mr. President," he was asked, "what precisely is our position toward the Soviets?" "We want to be friends with the Soviets," he replied. "We do, however, stay in a state of competition. This is inevitable. I think it's going to be that way for 15 to 20 years, but there is no present threat to peace. Negotiations are proceeding in good faith. There is no cause for alarm."

In the Middle

In the middle of these exchanges, President Brezhnev of the Soviet Union condemned Carter for "playing the China card" against the Soviet Union, but Carter pushed it off, and announced that he was sending to Peking on July 5 one of the most influential scientific

and technological missions ever gathered together in the United States to go to another country.

It will be headed by Dr. Frank Press, former head of the Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and now Science and Technology adviser to the president.

Other members will be Robert A. Frosch, administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Agency; Richard C. Atkinson, director of the National Science Foundation; and other leaders from the State, Commerce, Agriculture, Energy, and Interior Departments of the government, and from the National Security Agency.

This is no big deal. They will be in Peking for only four days, trying to make contact with the science and technology leaders of the new Peking administration, but the mission is a symbol of Carter's determination to keep in touch with all the new power centers in the world.

Moscow will probably resent this U.S. mission as a pro-Peking and anti-Soviet move, but four days after Carter's scientific adviser comes back from Peking, he will go to Moscow for the sixth annual U.S.-Soviet conference on scientific and technical cooperation.

And shortly after that, Carter will have to go to Bonn in West Germany for a summit meeting of the industrial nations, and try to explain why inflation is rising in the United States, and why he hasn't put an import tax on oil, which he will probably do, if the Congress doesn't put a tax on oil imports before he gets there.

A Lesson

Watching Carter at his latest press conference, in the middle of all these domestic and foreign tangles, is a lesson on his character and personality. He knows better than anybody else that he is dropping in the popular election polls on the ground that he is vague and ambiguous, etc. And at the same time, we want to have peace with the Chinese — almost a billion people."

Anybody who doubts the dilemma he is up against, or his ability to define them under public pressure, should read the text of his last press conference. You can agree or disagree with his answers, especially if you want to define conclusions to complicated problems, but he recognizes the complexity of his problems, and sticks to his beliefs.

And one other point: No president since World War II has used the English language with more precision. On the radio and on television, he seems to hesitate and even stutter, with a thin and jumpy voice; but if you read the text, every sentence and predicate, every sentence and paragraph, are in order. He may sound ambiguous and even tricky, but, again, he is dealing with ambiguous and tricky questions, and the guess here is that he deserves more credit than he's getting.

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Moreover, West Germany and France together add up to a combined economic and industrial community significantly bigger than the Soviet Union today.

Both are trying, nor will we ever try, to play the Soviets against the People's Republic of China, or vice versa," he said. "We have some very important relationships with the Chinese that need to be pursued. These are worldwide common hopes that we share with the Chinese. We have bilateral relations that we need to expand — trade, exchange of science and technology, etc. And at the same time, we want to have peace with the Chinese — almost a billion people."

It is inevitable that Africa has now to go through a phase of big power rivalry with its war set by the use of the latest instruments of modern technology. It has to offer and with each one bringing the day of reckoning closer for the superpowers that much closer?

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There is no reason why the West, as the originator of foreign armies in Africa and as the continent's biggest seller of arms, should not put forward these two proposals and take them to the Russians as a component of detente.

It would be in the African countries' own long-term interest to support such a move whatever the implications of the moment. In a new scramble for Africa they can only end up as losers.

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France Said Likely To Rejoin the Snake

By John Fichna

BRUSSELS, June 28 (AP-DJ) — France is likely to rejoin the joint European currency float, the "snake," as an initial move towards European development of a stable monetary zone, informed sources reported today.

Detailed information on agreements reached by French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt at their meeting in Hamburg last week were communicated to other Common Market leaders, including EEC Commission President Roy Jenkins, earlier this week.

Only fragmentary details on their accords were immediately available, but the sources insisted that the French franc's return to the snake during the second half of this year now appeared certain.

The establishment of a monetary union in Europe is expected to dominate the next European Council meeting in Bremen, West Germany, July 6-7. At that EEC summit meeting, both Mr. Giscard d'Estaing and Mr. Schmidt hope to win general support for a statement of intent to create a more stable monetary zone.

Link Currencies

France and West Germany, sources indicated, would like other European countries to link currencies under an arrangement designed to operate as rigidly as the current snake. West German, Benelux, Danish and Norwegian currencies now in the snake float jointly within a 4.5-percent band-spread, or 2.25 percent as calculated against the dollar.

Under the Franco-German plan, other EEC and non-EEC European currencies would be linked in a sort of crawling peg — determined on the basis of a nation's general economic conditions — for those not able to immediately join the new arrangement, sources indicated. They explained that countries unable to immediately join the system would be offered a transition period to gradually adjust to the arrangement's rigidity.

Both Mr. Giscard d'Estaing and Mr. Schmidt also are suggesting a pool of some monetary reserves by European nations. It is understood that Mr. Schmidt is willing to cede a substantial part of the reserves

Soviets Lift Surplus on 1977 Trade Increases Commerce To Developing States

Mini-IMF

But, sources claimed, Mr. Schmidt is wary of accepting the EEC Monetary Cooperation Fund, directed by central bank governors, as the holding unit for the pool and feels that a new institution should be created — a sort of "mini-IMF" — in which finance ministers are likely to play a dominant role.

There were also hints that France and West Germany are losing interest in using the European Unit of Account, an EEC calculating unit based on a basket of member currencies, as a means of settling balances among Europe's central banks. This idea has been suggested by the EEC Monetary Committee and received general approval of finance ministers.

Sources also said that the Bremen summit may adopt only the broad outlines, leaving details to be worked out by experts and putting implementation off until the next EEC summit in December.

EEC Sets Rule To Standardize Corp. Reports

BRUSSELS, June 28 (AP-DJ) — The EEC has approved a directive aimed at harmonizing annual accounts published by corporations throughout the community, a spokesman said.

All nine member states now have two years to adapt national legislation accordingly. The directive binds all companies above a certain size to use certain harmonized methods in evaluating assets and liabilities and setting profit and loss accounts. All such accounts must be certified by independent accountants.

Small and medium-sized concerns, with annual sales of less than 8 million European Units of Account (about \$10 million) and total assets below 4 million ECU, are exempt from the new directive.

Ushiba Urges Concessions By Japan in Trade Talks

TOKYO, June 28 (NYT) — Japanese negotiators at the world trade talks in Geneva — due to conclude a broad outline by mid-July — are leading a fight within Japan to obtain concessions by the country that will ensure the success of the talks.

Nobuhiko Ushiba, Japan's external economic affairs minister and top negotiator at the talks, which will determine tariff cuts into the 1980s by the world's major trading nations, warned yesterday that Japan had little time left to make up its mind on concessions.

"Since we don't have much time left," Mr. Ushiba said after a cabinet meeting at which the so-called Tokyo Round was discussed, "let me ask for the cooperation of the minister concerned."

He faces bitter resistance from the nationalistic Agriculture Ministry and the Ministry of International Trade and Industry at which his appeal was mainly aimed.

The key remaining items, officials said, are import quotas on oranges, which the United States demands should be raised, and tariffs on 15 industrial items such as computers and color film, which the United States wants cut.

The urgency of Mr. Ushiba's appeal stems from the July 9 deadline set for conclusion of a package of tariff cuts and other items by the United States, Japan and the Common Market. The broad agreement is then to be presented to heads of government at the Bonn economic

Power Brokers Open Mideast to Boeing

U.S. Helps It Foil SEC Search for Data

WASHINGTON, June 28 (AP-DJ) — Boeing's use of a secret network of power brokers has helped the company establish itself as the top U.S. aircraft salesman in the Mideast. But it also has caused problems.

For nearly three years, the Securities and Exchange Commission has been investigating Boeing's overseas commission payments. The company stoutly denies that it paid any bribes to foreign government officials and the SEC has not produced evidence to contradict that contention.

Meantime, Boeing has managed to keep the names of its Mideast salesmen from public view — with significant help from the State Department which entered a court fight between the SEC and Boeing to argue that disclosure of Boeing's "highly placed" consultants abroad could harm U.S. foreign-policy interests.

Nonetheless, through sources in and out of government, it is possible to reveal a glimpse of Boeing's well-connected allies in some Arab governments.

Mideast Connections

For example, in 1974 Sheik Zayed Bin Sultan al-Nayan, ruler of Abu Dhabi, agreed to advance Syria more than \$100 million to help it recover from losses sustained in the Yom Kippur war against Israel. The \$100 million came as Syrian Arab Airlines was deciding what kind of jetliners to acquire. Lockheed was thought to have the inside track. But Boeing prevailed, mostly because none of its competitors had equal access to the timely assistance of Mahdi Tajir, ambassador to London and Paris with the United Arab Emirates, or through him, to Sheik Zayed's financing.

First, the Sheik's \$100 million was placed in an interest-bearing Swiss account for many months. Then it was used by Syria to buy two Boeing special-performance 747s plus three advanced 727s. The interest on the Sheik's money, \$6 million or more, flowed into a secret account at Banque de Gestion Financier in Zurich. It is believed that men who had steered Syria's business to Boeing shared in the proceeds.

Moscow's big seller to the less-developed countries is arms, totaling about \$2 billion in 1976 and 1977. Petroleum exports totaled \$500 million in 1976 and probably more last year although exact figures were not given. The country's main hard-currency purchases were grain, sugar and other foodstuffs from Latin America.

Among the imports growing in importance, the CIA says, are oil and natural gas, iron ore, bauxite and phosphates. In all cases, it concludes that Moscow has stepped up such purchases because domestic production of these basic raw materials is lagging behind goals. Although Moscow tries hard to export machinery — as well as arms — to third world states, it imports relatively few manufactured products from them.

In recent years, the CIA says, the Soviet market has become increasingly important to many poor nations. Moscow often provides arms and machinery on lenient terms, even if it demands scarce hard currency in payment. It also offers assured long-term deals for raw materials that cannot always be sold easily in volatile Western markets. The Soviets will often import consumer goods that cannot be sold in the West due to their poor quality, according to the CIA.

It was never the intention of U.S. negotiator Robert Strauss, who planned the Bonn deadline months ago, to complete all details of the highly complex trade talks by mid-July. But Mr. Murayama seemed to warn that the trade talks will go on after the Bonn meeting. Finance Minister Taisaku Murayama said yesterday that this would be the case and gave the impression that he was not optimistic that rapid progress could be made.

"Since we don't have much time left," Mr. Ushiba said after a cabinet meeting at which the so-called Tokyo Round was discussed, "let me ask for the cooperation of the minister concerned."

Finance Ministry officials, however, cautioned that Mr. Murayama's remarks should not be taken as implying that he had any basic doubt about the success of the Tokyo Round. Moreover, the key decisions on concessions will be taken by more influential ministers, notably Kiichi Miyazawa, the head of Economic Planning Agency and Premier Takeo Fukuda.

Mr. Fukuda is strongly in favor of the Tokyo Round, as he believes that a failure could be fatal to Japan, leading to a bout of world protectionism in which Japan would suffer more than any other nation. It remains to be seen how much pressure the premier will put on Japan's powerful agricultural lobby, which includes a large minority of conservative legislators from rural areas.

There was an encouraging sign in the monthly trade figures released yesterday which showed the seasonally adjusted dollar volume of May's combined steel and iron imports dropped 44 percent from the previous month.

Meanwhile, government officials saw an encouraging sign in the monthly trade figures released yesterday which showed the seasonally adjusted dollar volume of May's combined steel and iron imports dropped 44 percent from the previous month.

Summit planners are hoping that the long, painfully slow talks in Geneva aimed at reducing trade barriers can produce agreement on broad principles prior to the Bonn meeting. But they are far from certain. In the absence of agreement, the summit itself will become a forum in which to produce political accord.

In exchange for specific U.S. action on energy, Mr. Lambdorff said, West Germany is prepared to take specific action to spur its economic growth. "If we ask others to do it and what the results of administrative action to curb oil imports might be," he said, "we have to be detailed too."

Mr. Carter is prepared to consider a tax cut of 12 billion Deutsche marks as its major contribution. Such a tax reduction, he said, might take effect Jan. 1, although he added that declaring a stimulatory tax cut would not be as helpful as international economic discussion thinks it would be.

Summit Package Deal Is Taking Shape

WASHINGTON, June 28 (AP-DJ) — Bonn economic summit planners are pressing hard to assemble a three-part "package deal" in time for the July 16-17 meeting of the leaders of the seven major industrial countries.

As the conference draws nearer, the outlines of the agreement likely to emerge from the fourth annual summit conference are becoming clearer. Basically, summit planners here and abroad are talking about an accord under which:

The United States would pledge to limit oil imports through administrative action if Congress fails to pass an energy bill and to continue to push the fight against resurgent inflation.

West Germany and Japan would agree to take actions to increase their domestic economic demand.

And all the summit participants — the United States, West Germany, Japan, France, Britain, Italy and Canada — would promise to limit growing trade protectionism.

The summit "can only be suc-

cessful if everybody is prepared to deliver a contribution to a package deal," West German Economics Minister Otto Lambdorff said yesterday at a luncheon with newsmen here. Though summit planners remain hopeful, they insist that much work remains to be done.

U.S. Pledge

Mr. Lambdorff stressed that U.S. allies are looking for a very specific pledge on energy policy from President Carter in Bonn. Mr. Carter, he said, should be prepared to tell the summit what the United States is going to do, when it would do it and what the results of administrative action to curb oil imports might be.

Mr. Carter has threatened to take such action. But he has never promised to do so by a certain date, something Japan and Europe obviously want.

House-Senate conferees on the long-winded tax parts of the Carter energy program are planning to give him a going-away present as he leaves for the economic summit. The conferees, who have not met

since December, will reconvene three days before the Bonn meeting.

The tax writers are expected to make a show of continuing interest in the president's proposed energy taxes, including a levy on U.S.-produced crude oil. Such a display could help lend credibility to the claim the president is expected to make at the summit that the United States is well on its way to developing an energy policy.

In exchange for specific U.S. action on energy, Mr. Lambdorff said, West Germany is prepared to take specific action to spur its economic growth. "If we ask others to do it and what the results of administrative action to curb oil imports might be," he said, "we have to be detailed too."

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Ercolani Resigns Post

ROME, June 28 (AP-DJ) — Mario Ercolani has resigned as director general of the Bank of Italy, the central bank announced today. Mr. Ercolani, who has reached the normal retirement age of 65, has been replaced by Carlo Ciampi.

Arabian Airlines

The distributor has also purchased, and immediately resold, a 747 equipped with elaborate custom-made interiors for use by Saudi Arabia's King Khalid.

Boeing issued press releases announcing those orders, but refrained from saying that the aircraft were sold to Mr. McDivitt's distributorship for resale to Saudi Arabia.

Overseas International Distributors, registered in the Netherlands primarily for tax purposes and operating from Geneva, is backed by a group of non-Americans who clearly have influence. Boeing says the company does not know who they are, and Mr. McDivitt would not identify them. But Overseas International's impressive sales record certainly suggests, and high U.S. government officials believe, that he is working with at least some of the supersalesmen who helped Boeing in the past.

Proprietary Information

Boeing contends that the names of these operatives constitute highly sensitive proprietary information, and the company has been battling with the SEC for nearly three years to protect this information.

All along, too, Boeing has consistently asserted that the \$70 million it paid in sales commissions, on gross foreign orders of \$5.5 billion from 1970 to 1975, was legitimate. "We are one of the very few firms which has contended it hasn't made any illegal overseas payments," Boeing has said. "We refuse to concede that any of our commission payments were illegal."

The State Department also wants to avoid publicizing details of Boeing's sales activities because identifying the company's network of overseas agents, the department says, "could reasonably be expected to cause damage to the foreign relations of the United States."

But further court conflicts could lie ahead. Though the SEC's long inquiry has not uncovered solid evidence to support suspicions of bribery, the commission staff has indicated that some court action affecting Boeing's sales practices is possible. The company says it hopes to settle any SEC suit without lengthy litigation.

Prices Rise Slightly on Wall Street

Oversold Condition, Adjustments Cited

NEW YORK, June 28 (Reuters)

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange advanced today in slow trading, helped by end-of-the-quarter portfolio adjustments and further technical reaction to the weakness that has affected the market since early June, analysts said.

We have an oversold condition and seasonal factors going for us," one analyst remarked.

Analysts added that investors are wary of taking big positions due to uncertainty surrounding the money-supply report due tomorrow, the consumer price index due Friday and a long Independence Day holiday weekend.

Another analyst said the market is "trying to do better" in the face of inflation, a weak dollar and rising interest rates, but it is "looking for some sign that interest rates are topping out."

The Dow Jones industrial average gained 2.60 points to 819.91 while advances led declines 820-to-568.

Volume fell to its lowest in nearly a month at 23.26 million shares from 29.28 million shares yesterday, causing one analyst to remark it "looked like the long weekend started early."

American Stock Exchange prices closed higher in light trading with the index up 0.31 to 145.08 and the average price per share gaining three cents.

Sears Roebuck was the most active NYSE and up 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ after the department store concern said it will open nine new stores in July and close some others with a net increase of floor space of nearly one million square feet.

Arlen Realty was active and a big percentage gainer rising 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 $\frac{1}{2}$. Whirlpool Corp. also active, closed unchanged at 22 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Dresser Industries added 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 43 $\frac{1}{2}$. It made no comment on reports the U.S. Security Council is questioning Dresser's proposed sale of \$144 million of oil production equipment to the Soviet Union.

Twentieth Century-Fox jumped 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 39 $\frac{1}{2}$. The company said its "Star Wars" film has grossed \$220 million and a sequel is planned for late 1979 or early 1980.

Gaming issues were mixed with Playboy falling 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Caesar's World losing 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$. But Builly Manufacturing added 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 34 $\frac{1}{2}$. Hurrah's rose one to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ and active Ramada Inns was unchanged at eight.

In Chicago, wheat, corn, oats and soybeans finished substantially lower on the Board of Trade.

Euromart Borrowing First Half Record

Steel Inflow Still Vexing U.S. Firms

PITTSBURGH, JUNE 28 (AP-DJ)

The U.S. program to restrain low-priced steel imports has begun to curb foreign shipments, but not fast enough to please some industry executives.

U.S. steel imports in May dropped 31 percent from April to 1.5 million tons and declined 17 percent from May 1977, according to preliminary Commerce Department figures made available yesterday by industry sources. But some industry executives had hoped for a drop of more than 50 percent from the 2.2 million tons imported in April, the effective month for the trigger-pricing mechanism.

Too High

May import levels were "distressingly high," says American Iron and Steel Institute president Frederick Langenberg. He said the 1.5-million-ton level "comes as a surprise to the industry, and I would assume it would come as a surprise to the government. Everyone was expecting something close to a million tons," he said.

One industry official said yesterday he had been led to believe a one-million-ton level of steel imports was likely in May based on informal conversations with Treasury officials, watchdog for the trigger-pricing system.

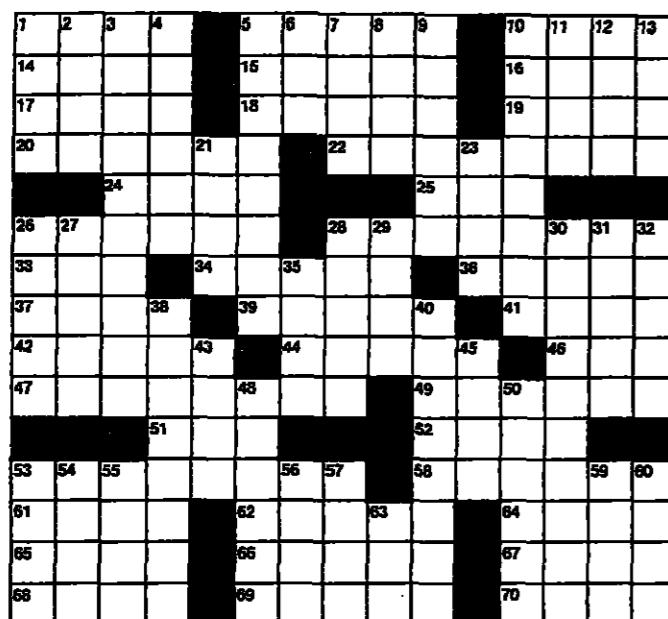
A Treasury official said the agency had "certainly not" guaranteed any such level would be met. He conceded that the import decline was not as steep as the agency had expected but he speculated that some shipments that should have arrived in April may have spilled over into May. He predicted a further decline this month.

Meanwhile, government officials saw an encouraging sign in the monthly trade figures released yesterday which showed the seasonally

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 28

12 Month Stock High Low Div. in \$ Yld. P/E 100s.	Sts. High Low	Close Prev	Close Prev				12 Month Stock High Low Div. in \$ Yld. P/E 100s.	Sts. High Low	Close Prev	Close Prev				12 Month Stock High Low Div. in \$ Yld. P/E 100s.	Sts. High Low	Close Prev	Close Prev					
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AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 28

CROSSWORD *By Eugene T. Maleska*

ACROSS

- 1 Parlor piece
- 5 Arbitary edicts
- 10 Señora's domain
- 14 — for one's money
- 15 Stan's co-star
- 16 Diving birds
- 17 Luxuriate in the sun
- 18 Marie Antoinette, e.g.
- 19 1 and 66
- 20 Region of France
- 22 Dismantle
- 24 Thin nail
- 25 Mischief-maker
- 26 Event
- 28 Wagner opera
- 33 Patricia Harris heads it
- 34 Curtain fabric
- 36 Part of a bird's wing
- 37 Contraptions
- 39 Mattress filling
- 41 Blue-pencil
- 42 Upstanding
- 44 Lin embellishing a capital letter

DOWN

- 1 Textile fiber
- 2 Viva-voce
- 3 Pernickety one
- 4 Turkish capital
- 5 Ship part
- 6 Miquelon, e.g.
- 7 Got off
- 8 Miss Louise
- 9 Questing one
- 10 Library catalogue
- 11 Flivver
- 12 Twist
- 13 Org.
- 14 Elevator cages
- 15 Liver
- 16 Rip up
- 17 Paper measure
- 18 Spoke (up)
- 19 Cupid
- 20 Tennis term
- 21 Cottonwood
- 22 Redolence
- 23 Noncitizen
- 24 Whence chicle comes
- 25 Form by carving
- 26 Collect junk
- 27 Wet blankets
- 28 Gallery
- 29 Smooth and connected, in music
- 30 Alice of show biz
- 31 Noncitizen
- 32 Whence chicle comes
- 33 Form by carving
- 34 Collect junk
- 35 Wet blankets
- 36 Gallery
- 37 Smooth and connected, in music
- 38 Alice of show biz
- 39 Votes against
- 40 Noncitizen
- 41 Whence chicle comes
- 42 Form by carving
- 43 Collect junk
- 44 Wet blankets
- 45 Alice of show biz
- 46 Sandra or Ruby
- 47 Far from sketchy
- 48 Part below the glottis
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Wimbledon Gallery Sets Record

Connors Advances to 3d Round

By Neil Amdur

WIMBLEDON, England, June 28 (NYT) — Wimbledon was engulfed by the masses today, but Jimmy Connors marched into the third round of men's singles proclaiming, "I've got no problems, I've got no hassles."

While the All England Lawn Tennis Club tried to deal with a record crowd of 38,390, queues stretching for miles and an inglorious string of singles failures by British players, Connors, 25, continued with business as usual by beating Kim Warwick, a capable Australian, 6-3, 7-5, 2-6, 6-4, on the Center Court.

"If I could play as well as I played today for the rest of the tournament, I would be pretty satisfied," he said, looking relaxed and serene following a post-match massage and bath.

Last year, Connors was the Peck's bad boy of Wimbledon's centennial celebration, spurning the parade of champions, boozed when he walked on Center Court for his first match and bothered by a fractured right thumb that inhibited his two-handed backhand.

That is not the case so far this year. The second-seeded Connors has stayed in contact with the committee of his matches and chosen to avoid the crowds and locker-rooms that he avoids, lolling about frequently from players of embarrassments.

Unfortunately, Wimbledon has re-started its second 100 years as if it were the first.

4 WHA Teams Discuss Move To Rival League

DETROIT, June 28 (UPI) — National Hockey League president John Ziegler admitted last night that his league is conducting talks with the rival World Hockey Association which could lead to four new teams in the NHL.

But, Ziegler said, no agreements had been reached and talks were to resume. The four WHA teams applying — Edmonton, Winnipeg, Quebec and New England — are believed to have obtained a league waiver to seek admission to the NHL. That waiver allegedly was to expire today.

"We have to have an agreement by 4 p.m. [Detroit time]," Ziegler said, "because of certain obligations by some of the teams." He refused to be more specific.

"We are trying to define some common ground to see if any exists," he said. "We are working to see whether or not the NHL should expand."

Ziegler would not comment on whether the four WHA teams were to be admitted as one new division or spread through the existing NHL divisions. Ziegler would not even admit whether four was the correct number of teams being discussed.



Chris Evert during her defeat of Helena Anliot in second round of women's singles.

were the only game in town. At 2:15 p.m. today, 15 minutes after play began under the first sunny skies of the tournament, 25,000 spectators were on the grounds.

The gates were closed by the committee at 3:55 when walkways to most field courts became impossible.

Yet even as late as 6:45, about 1,400 fans were willing to pay the equivalent of \$2.50 for a grounds ticket, with the hope of catching a glimpse of third-seeded Vilas Gerias on Court 5 or top-seeded Lynn on Court 2.

Gerias won easily, 6-3, 7-5, 2-6, over Jeyanthi Royappa of India and appears to have a clear road to the round of 16. But Borg's second-round waltz against Peter McNamara of Australia was postponed until tomorrow because of the faltering light, to the disappointment of the 4,000 spectators, many of them school girls who had waited eagerly all day for a seat.

What many saw did not exactly enhance their appreciation of hometown heroes, who suffered what Ray Bellamy of the London Times termed the "worst day we've had since the War of Independence."

British players were beaten in all 11 singles matches today, including Frew McMillan's surprisingly easy

League Benches Munson

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Matthews, Robinson To Captain All-Stars

NEW YORK, June 28 (AP) — Former third basemen Eddie Matthews and Brooks Robinson have been named honorary captains for the 49th All-Star Game in San Diego on July 11, commissioning Bowie Kuhn announced yesterday.

Mathews, who will be inducted into the Hall of Fame on Aug. 7, will represent the National League.

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